ASSIGNMENT 1

Textbook Assignment: Chapter 1, "Naval Sea Power," and Chapter 2, "Makers of Naval Tradition," pages 1-1 through 2-32.

- 1-1. What are the four principal components of sea power?
 - Ocean adaptation, ocean data, ocean industry, and naval power
 - Ocean adaptation, ocean science, ocean industry, and naval maneuverability
 - Ocean science, ocean commerce, ocean industry, and naval power
 - Ocean data, ocean commerce, naval power, and naval maneuverability
- 1-2. Of the six basic characteristics
 Mahan stated as common to all
 great maritime nations, what one
 did he consider most important to
 England's rise to world dominance
 in naval power?
 - 1. Character of the government
 - 2. Character of the people
 - 3. Geographical position
 - 4. Size of population
- 1-3. The battle of Diu in 1509 marked the first proof of the importance of artillery mounted aboard ships to destroy enemy vessels. Which of the following countries used this shipboard artillery?
 - 1. Spain
 - 2. France
 - 3. England
 - 4. Portugal

- 1-4. During the 16th century, Spain stood at the forefront of the European nations. However, Spain lost control of the seas to England basically because its sea power configuration favored which of the following philosophies?
 - 1. Quantity rather than quality
 - 2. Quality rather than quantity
 - 3. Practical skill rather than technical knowledge
 - 4. Technical knowledge rather than practical skill
- 1-5. The defeat of the Spanish Armada in 1588 is attributed to which of the following aspects of English superiority?
 - 1. Courage
 - 2. Naval tactics
 - 3. Boarding a vessel
 - 4. Numerical strength
- 1-6. The defeat of the Spanish Armada in 1588 marked the beginning of the end for Spain as a world power. From a naval or tactical standpoint, the battle was significant because it demonstrated the effectiveness of
 - 1. ramming
 - 2. long-range gunfire
 - 3. shock actions of boarders
 - 4. large ships over small ships
- 1-7. What date commemorates the birthday of the United States Navy?
 - 1. 4 July 1776
 - 2. 5 September 1774
 - 3. 13 October 1775
 - 4. 14 February 1778

- 1-8. The first warships of the Continental navy were classified into which of the following three types of naval vessels?
 - Frigates, destroyers, and sloops-of-war
 - Frigates, sloops-of-war, and ships-of-the-line
 - Ships-of-line, sloops-of-war, and destroyers
 - 4. Frigates, destroyers, and sloops-of-the line
- 1-9. The Union navy used which of the following tactical approaches against the Confederacy in the Civil War?
 - 1. Ramming
 - 2. Blockade
 - 3. Shore bombardment
 - 4. Amphibious landings
- 1-10. Although indecisive, the battle between the MONITOR and the VIRGINIA (MERRIMACK) was important because which of the following events occurred for the 1-14. first time?
 - 1. Steam was used in battle
 - 2. The Dahlgren gun was used
 - 3. Ironclads fought each other
 - 4. The Union and Confederate navies fought each other
- 1-11. Although Germany favored its land power in World War I, its naval forces proved to be its deadliest offensive weapon. Which of the following vessels filled this role?
 - 1. Submarines
 - 2. Destroyers
 - 3. Battleships
 - 4. Light cruisers

- 1-12. The failure of the Axis powers to secure strong naval positions in the Mediterranean Sea during the early years of World War II was first demonstrated by Allied landings in which of the following areas?
 - 1. Baltic
 - 2. Near East
 - 3. North Africa
 - 4. Southern Europe
- 1-13. During World War II in the Pacific Theater, U.S. forces gained all of the following tactical advantages EXCEPT
 - 1. control of the sea
 - the ability to sidestep many islands controlled by the enemy
 - 3. strong numerical superiority of U.S. land forces
 - 4. the ability to prevent enemy reinforcements at the point of attack
- 1-14. Of the following equipment or weapons, which was NOT used for the first time in a war situation during the Korean conflict?
 - 1. Helicopters
 - 2. Terrier missiles
 - 3. Aircraft carriers
 - 4. Naval jet aircraft
- 1-15. The Navy proved its ability to project U.S. national policy during the Vietnam conflict in which of the following ways?
 - 1. By attack carrier and amphibious operations
 - 2. By gunfire and logistic support
 - 3. By coastal and river patrols
 - 4. Each of the above

- 1-16. During the mid-1980s, tensions mounted in the Persian Gulf region in what has been dubbed the "tanker war." What was the Navy's role there during this perlod?
 - 1. To protect Saudi Arabia
 - 2. To conduct amphibious assaults against Iran
 - 3. To escort U.S. flagged tankers
 - 4. To conduct drug interdiction
- 1-17. Which of the following is NOT a valid reason for the United
 States to have a strong Navy to support our national objectives?
 - Two of our states are located overseas
 - Our only method of launching a nuclear attack is from the sea
 - 3. U.S. industrial output depends on continued shipments of raw materials and energy-producing resources from overseas
 - 4. Our ability to control the sea is essential in the deterrence of general war and aggression against any nation or area vital to our interest

- A. Arctic Ocean
- B. Indian Ocean
- C. Pacific Ocean
- D. Atlantic Ocean
- E. Mediterranean Sea

Figure 1A

TO ANSWER QUESTIONS 1-18 THROUGH 1-21, MATCH THE OCEANS AND SEAS IN FIGURE 1A WITH THEIR DESCRIPTION.

- 1-18. The world's main highway of commerce.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- 1-19. Covers one-third of the world's surface.
 - 1. A
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 1-20. Stretches 28 million square miles from Malaysia to Africa.
 - 1. B
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 1-21. Became strategically important because of the development of nuclear power.
 - 1. A
 - 2. в
 - 3. D
 - 4. E

- 1-22. set forth in Title 10 of the U.S. Code . Which of the following actions best states the mission of the U.S. Navy?
 - To blockade foreign ports that pose threats to the U.S.
 - To conduct drug interdiction operations in U.S. coastal waters
 - To destroy enemy ships and aircraft operating within 3 miles of the U.S. coast
 - To be prepared to conduct prompt and sustained combat operations in support of the national interest
- 1-23. The U.S. Navy is responsible for training all forces assigned to joint amphibious operations. Doctrine for these operations is established by what person within 1-28. The Soviet Union created the rank the Department of Defense?
 - Secretary of Defense 1.
 - 2. Chief of Naval Operations
 - 3. Commandant of the Marine corps
 - 4. Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
- 1-24. The Navy's SSBN forces provide assured second-strike capability and the possibility for controlled response. These tactics are a part of which of the following functional areas of the Navy's mission?
 - 1. Sea control
 - 2. Naval presence
 - 3. Strategic deterrence
 - 4. Projection of power ashore
- Preventive and responsive 1-25. deployments of naval forces is a tactic used as a part of which of the following functional areas of the Navy's mission?
 - 1. Sea control
 - 2. Naval presence
 - Strategic deterrence
 - Projection of power ashore

- The mission of the U.S. Navy is 1-26. Which of the following statements best describes the Soviet Union's view of war?
 - Seizure of new territory can be achieved through war
 - 2. Nuclear weapons should be used to ensure victory
 - 3. War is an extension of politics
 - 4. War should be avoided
 - 1-27. The Soviet armed services has an average reenlistment rate of which of the following percentages?
 - 1. 75% or more
 - 2. Less than 10%
 - 3. Between 50% and 75%
 - 4. Less than 50% but more than 15%
 - of warrant officer (michman) in 1971 for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. To overcome a personnel shortage
 - 2. To upgrade the status of the career person
 - 3. To serve as the principle interface between officers and enlisted personnel
 - 4. All of the above
 - 1-29. Which of the following countries is NOT a member of NATO?
 - 1. Italy
 - 2. France
 - 3. Turkey
 - 4. Switzerland
 - 1-30. The United States, in its war for independence against the British, was aided by which of the following maritime powers?
 - 1. France, Spain, and Italy
 - 2. France, Spain, and Holland
 - 3. Germany, Spain, and Holland
 - 4. Portugal, Germany, and Italy

- first used?
 - 1. Civil War
 - 2. War of 1812
 - 3. Revolutionary War
 - 4. Spanish-American War
- During the sea battle between the 1-32. BONHOMME RICHARD and the SERAPIS, John Paul Jones spoke what immortal words?
 - fight."
 - 2. "Damn the torpedoes! Full speed ahead!"
 - 3. "We have met the enemy and they are ours."
 - 4. "You may fire when you are ready, Gridley."
- 1-33. In addition to the importance of gentlemanly conduct and seamanship ability, John Paul Jones placed much emphasis on an officer's ability to
 - 1. communicate well in writing
 - 2. be an expert in oral expression
 - 3. participate aggressively in sports
 - environments
- In 1794, what concern moved 1 - 34. Congress to authorize expenditures for the construction of ships for an operational, permanent U.S. Navy?
 - 1. Harassment of American pirates
 - 2. Capture of American merchant ships by the French
 - 3. Conflict with Spain over Florida and Louisiana
 - 4. Impressment of American seaman by the British

- 1-31. In what war was the submarine 1-35. Joshua Humphreys designed the first six frigates built by the United States. Of those frigates, which of the following have endured to this date?
 - 1. CONSTITUTION and CONGRESS
 - 2. CONGRESS and CONSTELLATION
 - 3. CONSTELLATION and CONSTITUTION
 - 4. UNITED STATES and CONSTELLATION
 - 1. "I have not yet begun to 1-36. At the turn of the 19th century, the United States was engaged in an undeclared war with which of the following countries?
 - 1. Spain
 - 2. France
 - 3. Holland
 - 4. England
 - 1-37. Besides being a strict disciplinarian, Thomas Truxton was known for which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. Seamanship
 - 2. Leadership
 - 3. Followership
 - 4. Each of the above
 - 4. adapt readily to foreign 1-38. Stephen Decatur earned the admiration of a nation for his audacious destruction of which of the following ships?
 - 1. YARMOUTH
 - 2. VENGEANCE
 - 3. BELVIDERA
 - 4. PHILADELPHIA
 - merchant ships by the Barbary 1-39, Which of the following early frigates carries the nickname "Old Ironsides"?
 - 1. PRESIDENT
 - 2. CONSTITUTION
 - 3. UNITED STATES
 - 4. CONSTELLATION

- 1-40. Which of the following reasons enabled Stephen Decatur to defeat the MACEDONIA?
 - 1. His guns had longer range than those of the MACEDONIA
 - He attacked at night under the cover of darkness
 - His ship was faster than the MACEDONIA
 - 4. He rammed the MACEDONIA with his ship
- 1-41. The United States won the Battle of Lake Erie primarily because of what action by Oliver Perry?
 - He shifted his flag to another ship and made a surprise maneuver
 - 2. He used the lake currents strategically to put the British in a disadvantageous position
 - He employed a strategic withdrawal instead of a direct attack on the British
 - 4. He had previously seized control of the St. Lawrence River
- 1-42. During the War of 1812, Dr. Usher Parsons performed surgery, including the amputation of six limbs, several times during which of the following battles?
 - 1. The Battle of Lake Erie
 - 2. The Battle of New Orleans
 - 3. The Battle of Niagara Falls
 - 4. The Battle of Lake Champlain
- 1-43. Thomas Macdonough's victory over the British on Lake Champlain in the War of 1812 started what traditional service dictum?
 - 1. Take care of your men
 - Praise in public; censure in private
 - Do not underestimate your opposition
 - 4. Do the best you can with what you have

- 1-44. Who was the first person to be appointed as an admiral in the U.S. Navy?
 - 1. John P. Rodgers
 - 2. John Paul Jones
 - 3. Matthew C. Perry
 - 4. David G. Farragut
 - 1-45. The Secretary of the Navy who guided the expansion of the naval establishment during the Civil War was
 - 1. Gideon Welles
 - 2. Gustavus V. Fox
 - 3. Benjamin Stoddert
 - 4. Matthew Fontaine Maury
 - 1-46. The concept of strategic deployment of a fleet was first adopted and effectively used by which of the following naval officers?
 - 1. Oliver Perry
 - 2. David D. Porter
 - 3. David G. Farragut
 - 4. Thomas Macdonough
 - 1-47. Which of the following personal traits characterized the personal leadership of David D. Porter?
 - Formality in personal relationships, receptiveness to innovation, and astuteness in evaluating personnel
 - Imagination, honesty, and formality in personal relationships
 - Resistance to change, good sense of humor, and imagination
 - Good sense of humor, honesty, and receptiveness to innovation

- serious challenge to the Union's navy, was captained by which of the following Confederate naval leaders?
 - 1. John M. Brooke
 - 2. Raphael Semmes
 - 3. Franklin Buchanan
 - 4. Matthew Fontaine Maury
- Admiral Dewey gave credit for his 1-49.naval victories to the tactics he learned from which of the following sources?
 - 1. Admiral Farragut
 - 2. The Naval Academy
 - 3. The Naval War College
 - 4. The writings of Mahan
- Admiral Dewey stressed that the victory at Manila was won because of which of the following actions?
 - 1. The enemy's low morale because of the loss of San Juan Hill
 - 2. The enemy's refusal of open combat
 - 3. Our espionage system in Spain
 - 4. Advance planning
- 1-51. The convoy system was designed as a defensive measure against German U-boats during World War I. What U.S. Navy officer is credited with the convoy system idea?
 - 1. Admiral Sims
 - 2. Admiral Dewey
 - 3. Admiral Halsey
 - 4. Admiral Jellicoe
- World War I in the spring of 1917, German U-boats had eliminated what fraction of Allied shipping?
 - 1. One-fourth
 - 2. One-half
 - 3. Two-thirds
 - 4. Four-fifths

- 1-48. The ALABAMA, which posed the most 1-53. What did Gunner's Mate Ingram and Radio Electrician Ausburne have in common?
 - 1. Both were members of a submarine crew
 - 2. Both captured large numbers of the enemy
 - 3. Both were wounded at the time of their heroic deed
 - 4. Both heroically gave their lives in service for their country
 - 1-54. What historic event occurred on 7 December 1941?
 - 1. The Normandy invasion
 - The battle of Iwo Jima
 - 3. The bombing of Pearl Harbor by the Japanese
 - 4. The surrender of Germany to the United States
 - Leahy Α.
 - В. Nimitz
 - C. King
 - D. Halsey

Figure 1B

TO ANSWER OUESTIONS 1-55 THROUGH 1-57, MATCH THE NAME OF THE FLEET ADMIRAL IN FIGURE 1B WITH THE TITLE HE HELD DURING WORLD WAR II.

- 1-55. Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Fleet
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- Before the United States entered 1-56. Commander, South Pacific Force
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D

- - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D
- During World War II the Japanese 1-58. Navy suffered its first decisive defeat in 350 years in the battle of
 - 1. Guam
 - 2. Midway
 - 3. the Coral Sea
 - 4. the Marshall Islands
- 1-59. Which of the following descriptions applies to Task Force 38, commanded by Admiral Halsey?
 - 1. The largest mass of sea power ever assembled
 - 2. A task force consisting of three task groups, each having five carriers having five carriers
 - 3. The task force that destroyed or damaged 3,000 aircraft and 1,650 ships
 - 4. Each of the above
- Walter C. Monegan, Jr., and 1-60. Marvin G. Shields are noted for their acts of heroism. Which of the following statements is correct concerning these acts?
 - 1. One man was killed; the other
 - 2. Both acts occurred while repulsing tanks
 - 3. One act occurred in Korea; the other in Vietnam
 - 4. Both men were in the Marine Corps

- 1-57. Chief of Naval Operations 1-61. The following personnel had which of the following traits in common with each other: CM3 Marvin G. Shields, USN: BM1 James E. Williams, USN: and FFC Douglas E. Dickey, USMC?
 - 1. All were killed in action
 - 2. All were awarded the Medal of
 - 3. All received battlefield commissions as officers
 - 4. All of the above
 - 1-62. "Ordinary men who did extraordinary things. Yes, they were heroes." Which of the following persons used this statement to describe the men of the STARK?
 - 1. George Bush
 - 2. Ronald Reagan
 - 3. Richard Nixon
 - 4. John F. Kennedy
 - 1-63. What is the motto of the USS ROBERTS?
 - 1. No higher honor
 - 2. We aim to please
 - 3. Sea power from pole to pole
 - 4. Always ready to fight for freedom
 - A. BM2 Kim T. Sandle
 - B. QM2 Dan J. Nicholson
 - C. EN1 Mark T. Dejno
 - D. HM1 James E. Lambert
 - E. BMCS George E. Frost

Figure 1C

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-64 THROUGH 2-67, MATCH THE PERSONS IN FIGURE 1C WITH THE DESCRIPTION OF THEIR ROLES.

- 1-64. He thought the other guv was always the one to slip and fall on the ice patch,
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. C
 - 4. D

- 1-65. He made the entry "Observed sunrise" in the ship's deck log.
 - 1. A
 - 2. B
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 1-66. He administered first aid to Petty Officer Welch.
 - 1. A
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E

- 1-67. He had the idea to lash the front half of the ship to the back half.
 - 1. B
 - 2. C
 - 3. D
 - 4. E
- 1-68. What was the first Navy ship to allow women to serve on board?
 - 1. SYLVANIA
 - 2. RED ROVER
 - 3. LEXINGTON
 - 4. CONSTITUTION